



GENERAL DATA	
type of vehicle	electric multiple unit
operator	Metropolitan Transportation Authority
	Long Island Railroad
order date	May 1999
quantity	113 power cars without toilet
•	113 power cars with toilet
train consist	up to 14 cars

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT	Metric	Imperial
length over coupler		85' 0"
	25,908 mm	
width over side sheets	3,200 mm	10' 6"
rail to roof height	3,950 mm	12' 11 %"
rail to top of floor height	1,295 mm	51"
rail to top of height	4,039 mm	13' 3"
doorway width	1,270 mm	50"
doorway height	1,981 mm	6' 6"
floor to high ceiling height	2,261 mm	89"
floor to low ceiling height	2,007 mm	79"
wheel diameter	914 mm	36"
truck wheelbase	2,591 mm	102"
truck centre distance	18,136 mm	59' 6"
track gauge	1,435 mm	4′ 8 ½"
car weight (empty)		
- power car without toilet	58,200 kg	125,300 lb
- power car with toilet	56,835 kg	128,300 lb
PERFORMANCE AND CAPACITY	Metric	Imperial
maximum service speed	160 km/h	100 mph
acceleration rate, initial (service)	0.9 m/s ²	2.0 mphps
braking rate (service)	1.3 m/s ²	3.0 mphps

braking rate, nominal (emergency)

buff load

wheelchair locations 2
passenger per car (seated) under design
passengers per car (standing) crush load under design

TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- power fed by third rail: 400-900 Vdc
- auxiliary voltages: 230 Vac / 3 ph / 60 Hz 72 Vdc
- AC traction motor: 265 hp (200 kW)
- dynamic and pneumatic (tread & disc) braking system
- coil spring primary suspension
- air-bag secondary suspension
- stainless steel carbody
- fabricated steel frame trucks
- automatic parking brake
- forced-air ventilation
- air-conditioning capacity of 18 tons
- electric strip heaters
- ADA compliant toilet room (B car)
- vacuum sewage system (B car)
- communication system with visual signs
- cellular telephone (B car)
- event recorder
- cab signal / ATC
- cab end: automatic coupler (mechanical, pneumatic and electrical type N-6A)
- non-cab end: semi-permanent drawbar
- · four single-leaf doors
- hinged-end doors
- on-board computer-controlled diagnostic system

BOMBARDIER TRANSPORTATION



1101 Parent Street, St. Bruno, Québec, Canada J3V 6E6 • Telephone 1 (450) 441-2020

1.4 m/s²

3,560 kN

• Austria - Tel.: (43-1) 25 110 • Belgium - Tel.: (32-50) 40 11 11 • Canada - Tel.: 1 (613) 384-3100 • Czech Republic - Tel.: (42-0425) 802 111

3.2 mphps

800,000 lb

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M-7 Electric Multiple Unit - New York, USA

Overview Technical Data

• Multimedia

Under an agreement with the Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA) of New York, Bombardier Transportation is providing 1,172 M-7 Electric Multiple Units (EMUs) to the MTA's two commuter railroads - the Long Island Rail Road and Metro-North Railroad - to replace their M-1 fleets.

The full M-7 fleet is maintaining a six-month average for Mean Distance Between Failure performance in excess of 400,000 miles (664,500 km) - well beyond initial customer expectations of 100,000 miles. The new M-7 cars also feature state-of-the-art rail transportation technology, including IGBT propulsion, energy efficient dynamic braking and on-board monitoring and diagnostic systems. Equipped as married pairs, the EMUs feature stainless steel carbodies for long life and low maintenance.

The units are equipped with Bombardier's renowned stainless steel carbodies for long life and low maintenance, and asynchronous AC motors featuring state-of-the-art IGBT (isolated gate bipolar transistors) inverters. Use of outboard-bearing bolsterless fabricated bogies offers considerable weight savings over cast bogies of previous generations.

Chartered in 1834, the Long Island Rail Road is both the largest commuter railroad and the oldest railroad in America operating under its original name. Metro-North is the second largest commuter railroad in the nation.





M-7 electric multiple unit (EMU), New York, USA

Low Resolution (136 KB) High Resolution (1 MB)

Similar Projects

- AGC Regional Train France
- Bm71 (Gardermoen Airport Express) & Bm73 (Signatur/Agenda) Norway
- CONTESSA Electric Multiple Unit Denmark and Sweden
- <u>CP 2000 Electric Multiple Unit Porto, Portugal</u>
- Class 481 Electric Multiple Unit Berlin, Germany
- ELECTROSTAR United Kingdom
- Electric Multiple AM96 Belgium
- Electric Multiple Unit Brisbane, Australia
- Electric Multiple Unit Class 423- Germany
- Electric Multiple Unit Class 425.2 Germany
- Electric Multiple Unit ICE T Germany
- Electrical Multiple Unit Perth, Australia
- Electrical Multiple Unit TALENT for Regional Service Austria
- Electrical Multiple Unit TALENT for Suburban Service Austria
- Gautrain Rapid Rail Link South Africa
- High speed Train CRH1 China
- High speed Train ICE 3 Germany & Netherlands
- ICN Tilting Train Switzerland
- Lötschberger RegioExpress Switzerland
- REGINA Electric Multiple Unit Sweden
- SPACIUM commuter train Ile-de-France
- Sprinter Electric Multiple Unit Netherlands
 TALENT 2 Electric Multiple Units Germany
- V300ZEFIRO Italy
- ZEFIRO 250 China
- ZEFIRO 380 China

Operator	MTA Long Island Rail Road
Length	25,908 mm - 85' 0"
Width	3,200 mm - 10' 6"
Max. Speed	160 km/h - 100 mph

Seated Passengers 110 (A car) 101 (B car)

Navigation

Main page Contents Featured content Current events Random article Donate to Wikipedia Wikimedia Shop

Interaction

Help About Wikipedia Community portal Recent changes Contact page

Tools

What links here Related changes Upload file Special pages Permanent link Page information Wikidata item Cite this page

Print/export

Create a book Download as PDF Printable version

Languages 日本語

Article Talk

M7 (railcar)

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The M7 is an electric multiple unit railroad car built by Bombardier, with delivery beginning in 2002, utilized by the MTA on the Long Island Rail Road (M7) and Metro-North Railroad (M7A). The M7 replaced the M1 railcars, which had previously provided electric service on these lines. The M7 are powered from an electric third rail.

Cars are arranged as married pairs, where each car contains a complete set of controls for an engineer, conductor, or brakeman. However, the 'B' Cars (denoted by odd-numbered car designations) contain a handicapped accessible restroom, which is larger than the restroom provided on the M1 and M3 railcars and designed to accommodate a wheelchair, as well as an attendant and/or service animal (such as a guide dog, hearing dog or service dog) accompanying the passenger. The enlarged bathroom reduces the number of seats in the car.

The M7 was built as two separate, but similar models owing to the different electrical and signaling systems on the LIRR and Metro-North. The M7 has AC traction motors and can accelerate more quickly from a standing stop than previous MU sets. The two different cars also contain different door-closing lights; the LIRR (Long Island Rail Road) has small red button-sized closing-lights, while Metro-North has white light strips. Unlike the M7s, the M7As have pads behind each headrest. On the M7, the seats face toward the center, but on the M7As, the seats face away from the center.

Contents

- 1 Early trouble-shooting
- 2 Images
- 3 See also
- 4 References
- 5 External links

Early trouble-shooting [edit]

The M7 cars swayed from side to side more than intended when introduced to service, and required modifications to reduce the sway. In late 2006 the MTA began a replacement of all M7 armrests after paying out over \$100,000 to customers who filed complaints. The factory installed armrests were notorious for slipping into trouser pockets and then tearing them when sitting. The new design is of a different profile and is coated in a more fabric-friendly rubber. Some passengers complained about having fewer seats per B car, a consequence of the larger ADA-compliant restrooms, and about the width of the seats. Metro-North's management received feedback about the M7, which influenced the development of the M8 railcars for the New Haven Line.

LIRR M7 service began on October 30, 2002 and Metro-North's first M7A started scheduled service in April 2004. A new eight-car set of M7s cost \$18 million.

In the fall of 2006, the M7As started to experience serious braking problems due to foliage on the right of way, a condition known as "Slip-Slide." This caused nearly 2/3 of the Metro-North fleet to be taken out of service, due to flat spots on wheels. While the LIRR fleet performed significantly better, stripped M1s from both railroads were reactivated, and diminished schedules were instituted until the M7 fleet was able to resume full operation.

Today, the fleet has the highest mean distance between failures out of the entire LIRR fleet.[5]

Images [edit]







M7

Read Edit View history



An M7A leaving Morris Heights station



Long Island's M-7 has seats that face towards the center (away from the doors and vestibule areas), creating a 'booth' in the middle of the

In service 2002-present

Manufacturer **Bombardier Transportation**

Number built 1,172 cars

Long Island Rail Road, 836 cars

Metro-North Railroad, 336

cars Formation married pairs

Fleet numbers Long Island Rail Road -

7001-7836

Metro-North Railroad - 4000

-4335

Capacity Seated passengers:

110 (A car); 101 (B car)

Metropolitan Transportation Operator

Authority

(Long Island Rail Road Metro-North Railroad)

Specifications

85 ft 0 in (25,908 mm) Car length Width 10 ft 6 in (3,200 mm)[1]

Maximum speed 100 mph (161 km/h)

Power output ~200 kW (270 hp) Per Motor

Transmission (4) Mitsubishi Electric AC

Traction Motors and (2) IGBT inverters per car^{[3][4]}

Electric system 750 V DC Third rail

(s)

Current Contact shoe

collection

method

Braking system Regenerative / Pneumatic

Coupling system Budd Pin and Cup coupler

Track gauge $4 \text{ ft } 8\frac{1}{2} \text{ in } (1,435 \text{ mm})$ Metro-North M7-A entering Bronxville on the background) and Metro-Harlem Line

North M7A (center) railcars stored at the Arch Street facility in Long Island City,

Queens.

LIRR M7 (foreground and Three M7s and one M3 (mid-left) at Jamaica







M7s in service at Saint Albans, on a 10-car local Car. to Babylon.

The Interior of an M7A A

An LIRR M7 at Far Rockaway—Nameoke Street station.

See also [edit]

- Media related to M7 (railcar) at Wikimedia Commons
- M1/M3 (railcar)
- M8 (railcar)
- M9 (railcar)
- Long Island Rail Road
- Metro-North Railroad

References [edit]

- 1. ^ M7 Technical Data from Bombardier Website
- 2. ^ page 3 🕦
- 3. ^ Mitsubishi Electric 'Connect' Newsletter, Summer 2006
- 4. ^ http://www.sonic.net/~mly/Caltrain-Electrification/rolling.pdf Page 25-26
- 5. ^ Outside Contractor's report , October 2007.

External links [edit]

- MTA Long Island Rail Road official website &
- MTA Metro-North Railroad official website 🗗
- Bombardier information page for M7



							,	
V·T·E·		Passe	enger rail cars	of the LIRR and M	letro-North			
1960s	1970s	1980s		1990s		2000s	2010s	
68 69 70 71	72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	80 81 82 83 84 85 86	87 88 89 90 9 ⁻	1 92 93 94 95 96 97	98 99 00 01 02	03 04 05 06 07 08 0	09 10 11 12 13 1	
MP75 (LIF	RR)							
		M	1 (LIRR)					
					M3 (LIRR)			
		P72/P75 (LIRR)						
				C1 (LIRR)				
						C3 (LIRR)		
						M7 (L	RR)	
	RDC/SPV20	000 (MNCR)						
	4400 Series (MNCR)							
		ACMU (M	NCR)					
			M1A (MNC	R)				
				M2 (MNCR)				
				Shoreli	ner I (MNCR)			
				M	3A (MNCR)			
			Shoreliner II (MNCR)					
					M4 (MNCR)			